WHEN INDICATIONS-TUESDAY-Clearing and fair weather.

Cholly-"Fanny, do you know where my blazer is?" Fanny-"What! That loud one with the crimson stripes you brought home yesterday?"

"Yes; do you know where it is?" "Listen! Yes, I hear it up in the clothes-press in the third story."

SO LOUD THEY'RE STUNNING.

We have that kind, and all kinds of Summer Goods-Blazers, Tennis, Boating and Outing Shirts, and the

NEGLIGEE SHIRT FOR STREET WEAR

Its great utility is not merely its coolness on hot days, but its protection on damp, cool, and rainy days. At the same time we go right along with

ALL LIGHT-WEIGHT CLOTHING,

One-Fifth Off.

ALL STRAW HATS,

One-Third Off.

Surgical Instruments & Appliances

Trusses, Supporters, Deformity Braces, Crutches atomisers, Optical Goods, Artificial Eyes, and every thingin Surgical Instruments and Appliances.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO.'S

GIVEN REFUGE IN A CONVENT.

Fall from Grace of Madame Diss BeBar, the

Notorious "Spook" Priestess, of New York.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Madame Ann Odelia

Diss DeBar has, for the present at least, dis-

appeared from the public gaze, and will

seek within a convent's walls a refuge

from the cares and troubles of a "spook" of

a priestess's life. For about six weeks she

has been living at No. 138 Waverly place,

where she rented the ground floor from a

woman whom she introduced to every one

as Mrs. Parker. Here she made occasional

small sums by giving sittings and selling

pictures painted by spirit hands. With

her extravagant tastes, however, the few

dollars that she received in this way were

entirely insufficient to supply her wants.

So about ten days ago she moved to No. 21

West Thirty-first street, in which fashion-

able neighborhood she hoped to draw more

numerous and liberal patrons. It seemed,

however, that the public had grown tired

of her and her spirit manifestations, and

she did little or no business, and last Thurs-

day was compelled to leave the house. She

did not pay the rent, not having the where-

not remembered with the kindliest

of feelings by her landlord. She

returned to her home in Waverly place,

but on the following day the door was again shown her. Some admirer had given her several bottles of wine, and, although she had hitherto not been a lover of strong drink, her load of trouble drove her to seek

forgetfulness in the wine. Her actions of

late had not been of the most gentle and amiable kind, anyway, and with the added stimulus of her potations, she became so untractable that Mrs. Parker's son grew

tired of her treatment of his mother and

Some friend, hearing of her plight, took her to a Brooklyn convent, where she will be cared for as long as she chooses to stay. Only a few people know to what convent she has been taken, and they refuse to say which one it is, as their object in sending her there was to give her a retreat

her there was to give her a retreat.

public. Madame Diss Debar is a Roman Catholic, and has always professed the

strongest faith in her religion. She said

that it was by means of this and a cross which she always had with her, that she was able to command the inhabitants of

Mrs. Parker said yesterday to a reporter that she believed that Madame Diss Debar

was insane from being hounded by the press and the public. "The Madame had her faults," continued Mrs. Parker. "She

ter is she is out of her mind, and in taking

her to a convent her friends did the best thing possible for her."

A Bishop's Right to Impose Church Fees.

Harrington, assistant pastor of St. Mary's

Church, was arraigned in the Municipal Court, to-day, charged with assault and battery. Daniel Shackrow, a parishioner,

attended early mass, yesterday, without paying 10 cents, which fee the Bishop recently ordered to be collected at that serv-

cree, and tried to force an entrance into the

church, and that the priest was justified in using reasonable force to eject him. Har-rington was discharged.

Will Beturn to Washington on Thursday.

DEER PARK, July 29.-Attorney-general

Miller had a conference, this morning, with

visit. President Harrison has definitely decided to leave Deer Park for Washington

on Thursday morning. There will be no Cabinet meeting in Washington. Secretary Windom spent part of the forenoon with

the President, conferring over treasury

Suicide of an Unknown Man at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 29.—An unknown man

ing about between the government pier

and the lake front, near Harrison street. He was seen about 10 o'clock, rowing about

near the shore, when he suddenly turned and put out for the pier. When midway, a shot was heard, and his body was seen to topple overboard into the lake. His hat—a small-sized, cheap straw one, purchased from J. Friedlander, Toledo, O.—and a re-

Beef-Inspection Law Uncontitutional.

STILLWATER, Minn., July 29,-William

Fee, the Wisconsin farmer who sold dressed

meats in this city which had not been inspected under the Minnesota State law, was discharged by Judge Mainwaring this morning, on the ground of the unconstitutionality of the law, inasmuch as it infringes upon the domain of the United

States Congress, which regulates commerce between the States.

volver were found in the boat.

matters.

BIDDEFORD, Me., July 29 .- Rev. Father

the gaze and comment of the

made her leave the house

the spirit world.

withal to do so, and she

Surgical Instrument House, 92 South Illinois street

They make a rousing sale.

Cleveland, Cincinnati,

PEOPLE SHOULD APPRECIATE - The liberality of the Big 4 in opening its vast terri

tory at one-half rate for the Harvest Excursions. Its three trains each day for St. Louis, connect in the Union Depot there, for all points in Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Arizonia, Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska. Its two trains each day for Peoris, Hannibal and

Quincy, make direct connections for all Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, New Mexican and Arizonian points.

Its two daily trains to Chicago connect with the great lines leading out of that city, reaching all points in Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado and Minnesota, the Dakotas, Wyoming, Utah and Montana. Our four daily trains to Cincinnati connect in same

depot with Cincinnati Southern and Kentucky Central railways, making the fastest time to all points in Tennessee, Alabama, Louisians and Mississippi.

Thus, you see, the Big 4, in its liberality, has put at the disposal of the public eleven daily trains, reaching all points in the vast territory embraced between the Gulf and British Possessions, the Mississippi river and the Rocky mountains, for five grand excursions this season, Aug. 6 and 20, Sept. 10 and 24, and Oct. 8. This great railway will sell tickets good for a thirty-day trip, to all points in this vast section, for one fare for round trip. Call at ticket-office, corner Weshington and Meridian streets.

TIME CARD.

CINCINNATI DIVISION Depart... *3:55 am 6:45 am 10:50 am *3:10 p m Arrive... 10:35 am *10:20 p m 11:45 am. 4:55 p m. *10:50 p m CINCINNATI DIVISION-SUNDAY TRAINS.

3:55 am 3:10 pm. 5:00 pm. 11:45 am 12:10 pm. 10:50 pm

Depart for N. Y. and Boston..... *3:20 a m, *3:40 p m

"Clevel'd and the East 7:30 a m, *8:00 p m

"Ft. Way'eand Dayton 11:55 a m, *3:40 p m

"G'd Rapids and No'th 4:00 a m, 5:45 p m

Arrive from N. Y. and Boston...*11:35 a m, *10:45 p m

"Clevel'd and the East *6:55 a m, 5:15 p m ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Depart for St. Louis and Kan. Cy.*11:55 a m. *11:10 p m

"T. Haute and Mattoon *7:25 a m. 5:30 p m

Arrive from St. Louis and K. Cy. *3:10 a m. *3:05 p m

"T. H'te and Mattoon 10:00 a m. *6:25 p m J. H. MARTIN, Div. Pass. Agent.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A supposed mad dog was killed at Hoboken, N. J., yesterday, after having bitten five or six persons. Charles Blythe, the murderer of Colonel Jones, at Cincinnati, has been bound over

to await the action of the grand jury. Officer Sylvester E. Fish was shot in the head, yesterday morning, while attempting to arrest a supposed burglar. The mur-derer escaped.

C. A. Herbert, who beat his wife cruelly with his fist, on Saturday, received forty stripes on the bare back at Hagerstown, Md., yesterday.

Ida Stubenranch, a seventeen-year-old

girl, who lived with her parents in Chicago, committed suicide Sunday morning by throwing herself into the river. The grand jury at Liberty, Va., has made a report in regard to the Norfolk & Western

railroad disaster at Thaxton, completely exonerating the railroad company from The body washed ashore at Babylon, L.

I., Sunday night, and which was thought to be that of the missing aeronaut Hogan, proves to have been the body of another

The Grand Lodge of Theatrical Mechanics' Association, in session at Washington, yesterday, elected to the office of grand president Thomas Benton, of Chicago. The next meeting will be held at Chicago. Governor Buckner, of Kentucky, has re-

fused to interfere in the matter of the execution of Charles Dilger, for the murder of policemen Jones and Rosenberg, at Louisville. Dilger will be hanged on Wednes-

The remains of a man, supposed to have been a guest at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., last season, was found on Sunday in an out-of-the-way place, on Green Brier river. Near the remains was a broken billiard cue of fine workmanship. Russell Armstrong, one of the oldest and

best known of the residents of Kansas City, Kan., in attempting to board an elevated railroad train in Kansas City, Mo., yesterday, slipped and fell between the cars. The wheels passed over both legs, coinpletely severing them from his body. Capt. J. Sheldon, of the ship Emily Read, from England, will be tried, at Philadelphia, for not having made the slightest attempt to save a seaman named James Carlton, who, on July 16, fell overboard while at work aloft. One of the crew made the charge, and says Carlton could have been

The saloon-keepers arrested at Cincin-nation Sunday for violating the law did

not carry out the programme mapped out last week. It was their intention to pose as martyrs by going to court in procession, headed by a brass band. Instead of doing this they quietly went to court and gave bonds for their appearance at a later date.

Society of the Army of the Tennessee. CINCINNATI July 29 .- The second annual meeting of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee will be held here Sept. 25 and 26, Wednesday and Thursday. On Wednes-day evening the oration will be given at the Music Hall. On Thursday evening there will be a banquet at the Burnet Hickenlooper is chairman, has already begun making preparations. General Sherman, the president of the society, will be present and will preside at the meetings and at the banquet. By action of the society the wives and daughters of members are admitted to the banquet. It is expected the meeting will be an unusually large THE ROYAL GRANTS DEBATE

Mr. Morley's Limitation Amendment Defeated in the House of Commons.

Earnest Plea Against Pensioning the Younger Members of the Royal Family-Mr. Gladstone's Great Speech Last Week.

Boulangism Almost Wiped Out of French Politics by the Elections of Sunday.

A Letter to the Dublin Corporation from President Harrison Found to Have Been Tampered With-American Shooters Honored.

GRANTS TO ROYALTY.

Mr. Morley's Amendment Against Claims in the Future Badly Defeated. LONDON, July 29.—The House of Com-mons, sitting in committee of the whole, resumed the debate on the royal grants bill to-day. Mr. John Morley moved an amendment declaring that the House is unwilling to increase the burdens of the people without assurance that no further claims will be made for younger members of the royal family. He denied that he opposed the grants because he dared not openly attack the crown. He opposed them, he said, because Parliament had in no degree failed to comply with any provision of the act of 1837. The government had not made out their case either in the select committee or in the House. Parliament had already liberally provided for all the children of the Queen. It had not been shown that retrenchments might not be made in expenditures upon royalty without causing the Queen any anxiety. He especially ob-jected to the assertion of the claim to grants of the grandchildren of the Queen. Lord Hartington's speech on Friday indicated an intention to preserve that right for future use. It was proposed not to restrict these claims to the children of the heir apparent, but to open them to grand-children of the sovereign generally. He moved the amendment in order to prevent a reassertion and reaffirmation of a claim the justice of which he denied.

Mr. Chamberlain said Mr. Morley objected

to the grants because no finality was promised, but as regarded the present reign the proposed grants were absolutely final. He did not think that after the Queen's promise any Minister would advise any sovereign to ask further grants for other grand-children of her Majesty. It was argued that there was no security against such grants in the event of a new reign, but a general declaration against them would be worthless, as the whole question must be decided when the civil list was discussed. Mr. Chamberlain denied that Mr. Labouchere and his colleagues represented the people. They only represented a small minority. They did their utmost to stimulate the popular prejudices to which they truckled. It was shameful to fawn upon a monarch, but it was still more shameful to truckle to the multitude. The members who were doing so were nothing less than the Nihilists of English politics. [Loud Conservative cheers and Radical groans.] Mr. Labouchere said he hailed Mr. Morley's amendment as a practical refusal of further grants during the present reign.
As to future reigns, he would not trouble himself. Sufficient for this reign were the grandchildren thereof. Public opinion was making strides toward a universal acceptance of the principle that the sovereign, like any other head of a family, ought to provide for his children. The Conservatives, who in and out of season had vilified Mr. Gladstone, were now ready to fall down and worship him, because in the question of the grants he had turned their way. They would worship the devil himself under similar circumstances. [Cries of "Order." In conclusion he said that he and his colleagues would be beaten on the divis-ion, but he intended to oppose the grants at every stage, as a moral protest against the crown's claim.

Mr. Morley's amendment was defeated by 355 to 134, Mr. Gladstone, the Parnellites and the bulk of the dissidents again voting with the government.

With the government.

The minority included Sir Wm. Vernon-Harcourt, Sir George O. Trevelyan, Right Hon. Hugh Childers. Right Hon. George Shaw-Lefevre and Right Hon. A. J. Mundell. Sir William Vernon-Harcourt said he would vote against the grants because the accompanying declarations of principle were altogether unsound. The Queen, according to the government's declarations, waived further claims for her grandwaived further claims for her grandkeeping alive these claims, and tried to

Gladstone's Latest Great Speech. Cable Special to New York Herald. Then rose Mr. Gladstone, brisk, energetic, smiling, clad in evening dress, ready to go out to dinner, with a red rose in his buttonhole. He had not said a couple dozer words before everyone was struck with his immense elevation above the preceding was extravagant and borrowed money she could never pay, and then she lied terribly, but she certainly was a remarkable woman. Lately there has been no getting along with her, and sometimes she was worse than others. The truth of the matspeakers. All his sentences were well turned and pronounced with dignity, the manner, style and matter being all perfect of their kind. It was a strange and interesting spectacle-Gladstone, the bete noir of the Conservatives, standing on the Radical side of the House, delivering an and-out, true-bule, thoroughly-loyal Conservative speech, amid Conservative cheers, but with scarcely a response from his political supporters. The serried ranks of the Radicals were plunged in gloomy silence, or exchanged dissatisfied whispers with one another. Conservatives applauded their most formidable enemy till the House rang with their cheers. Gladstone insisted that the pledge given on behalf of the Queen that no further grants should be applied for during her reign was absolutely final—as final ice to liquidate the debt on the parsonage. Shackrow tried to crowd by the priest, who was collecting the fee, and was ejected. The court ruled that the Bishop, who holds a deed to the church property, had a legal right to impose a fee for admission to the services; that Shackrow disobeyed the deas if it were written on parchment and stamped with the royal seal. Morley shook his head. Harcourt glared at his leader as if Mr. Gladstone had been suddenly changed into Balfour. Still the old man went on his own way, rising to still higher and higher ground until the House found itself listening, almost breathless, to a most noble and pathetic conclusion. He had done his duty to the people, the aged statesman declared, but he would never be ashamed of the fifty years' service he had given to the illustrious occupant of the the President over pardon cases, and then took the train for Washington. Private Secretary Halford says no appointments are likely to be made now at Deer Park. The presidential family are occupied chiefly with preparations for the Bar Harbor He spoke leaning half across the table. His voice trembled a little. It must be ad-

mortals, and which no breath of vulgarity disturbs. THE BLOW TO BOULANGISM.

mitted that no living man but this one

could soar to those far distant heights

which are beyond the reach of common

Only Twelve of the Doughty General's Followers Returned by the Electors. Paris, July 29.—The latest returns of the elections of Sunday to the Councils-general show the following results: Republicans, 764; Conservatives, 419; Boulanger, 12. Second ballots will have to be taken in 149 cantons. The Temps says the definitive results will not be known until to-morrow. It is certain that the Republican majority will only suffer in the department of Illeet-Vilaine. M. Wilson, son-in-law of ex-President Grevy, and M. Le Herisse, the wellknown Boulangist, are defeated. The Bo-napartists gained fifteen seats.

The Boulangists are depressed by the result of the elections. They expected to carry one hundred cantons. M. Thebaud, a prominent Boulangist, in an interview to-night admitted the defeat of his party. He said it was clear that, while General Boulanger might be a plebiscitary force, he was certainly not an electoral force. Three persons have been arrested for stealing from the Senate Court the evidence

published in the Cocarde regarding the case of General Boulanger.

Le Courier du Soir states that the government awaited the result of the cantonal elections before deciding upon the date for the general elections. In view of the collapse of Boulangism, the elections will be held on Aug. 25.

THE ROYAL MARRIAGE.

Aristocrats Not Pleased that Princess Louise Was Wedded to an English Subject. London Special.

There is one thing about the royal wedding which you may or may not be aware of. The aristocrats are not at all pleased with it. The very thing which delights the people generally, namely, that the Princess Louise, of Wales, has married a subject and not a small German, "is regarded with jealous eyes by the upper classes." No doubt one of the Queen's daughters had already married a subject, but she was not in the

direct line of succession, and the children of Princess Louise, or the Earl of Fife himself, might become King consort.

Other nobles cannot contemplate that contingency, however remote it may be, without chagrin. Whether the Marquis of Salisbury has presented a remonstrance on the subject or not, I cannot say, but there has been a good deal of grumbling on the subject privately. "Once break down

there has been a good deal of grumbling on the subject privately. "Once break down the royal caste," it is said, "and it cannot long survive—the divinity that doth hedge a king will disappear."

"Reware," say the croakers, of "leading people to believe that a monarch is made of the same stuff as other men." There might have been something in this cry a hundred or two hundred years ago, but it comes a little late in the day now. The mystery of monarchy has not been able to survive the democratic shocks of the last fifty years. The German princelings who marry British gold have not contributed much to the awe which surrounds royal caste. English people, as a rule, would rather see the daughters of the Prince of Wales given to a native nobleman of ancient lineage than to another Battenberg. Whether the aristocracy like it or not, it does not matter.

"We shall have some of them marrying

Americans for their money." said a horrified person to me the other day. "Well, why not?" I replied. "I should have thought that anything was better than marrying a German adventurer and fortune-hanter."

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The President's Letter of Thanks to the Dublin Corporation Tampered with En Route. DUBLIN, July 29.—President Harrison has sent a letter to Lord Mayor Sexton in reply to the Dublin corporation's expression of sympathy for the sufferers by the Johnstown disaster. In it he says: ". highly appreciate the exceedingly kind spirit that prompted your action. Please accept the warmest thanks of the President and the American people for the touching expressions of sympathy and generous gifts of the citizens of Dublin." Mr. Sexton states that the official envelope which the letter was inclosed bore plain traces of having been tampered with. The seal had been melted and the envelope refastened with another kind of gum, and the American crest on the envelope was de-

American Riflemen Congratulated. LONDON, July 29.—The Massachusetts rifle team was received to-day by the Lord Mayor of London. The Lord Mayor toasted the riflemen, and congratulated them upon the many successes they have achieved during their visit to England. Maj. Frost, in returning thanks on behalf of the team, said that the courtesy shown by the Lord Mayor to American visitors was proverbial. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company gave a banquet to-night in honor of the visiting riflemen. Major Jones presided. Mr. Lincoln, United States minister; General Higginson and Sir Robert Morrier were among the guests. Major Durrant proposed a toast to the team, to which Major Frost made a happy response. Mr. Lincoln, replying to a toast to the President of the United States, dwelt upon the absence of a military element in Ameri-ca. The Americans, he said, had learned to do without large armies. A stranger traveling from New York to San Francisco, and thence to New Orleans and Montreal, would learn to be more surprised, at the presence of a soldier than at the sight of that remarkable bird called the "Adjutant."

Importance of the Next English Election. LONDON, July 29. - Lord Randolph Churchill, in a speech at Walsall to-day, urged the Conservatives to develop their latent energy and not to fall into the error of undervaluing their opponents' strength. He said that the bye elections had shown that the opposition had more popular strength than he, as a Conservative, liked while the Conservatives lacked corresponding energy. The whole fate of the empire depended upon the result of the next election, and it was therefore necessary that Unionists should exert themselves.

Three Months Added to His Sentence. DUBLIN, July 29.-Dr. Tanner, member o Parliament for Cork, was sentenced to-day, at Tipperary, to one month's imprisonment for assaulting Police Inspector Stephens in May last. When judgment was pronounced he yelled out in the dock, "I defy you. The magistracy are the real criminals." For this outbreak three months were added to his sentence.

Christians Fleeing from Crete. ATHENS, July 29 .- Many Christian families are arriving here daily from Crete, having fled from the island on account of the uprising there. Two British men-ofwar are expected soon at Suda bay.

Alliance Between France and Russia. VIENNA, July 29 .- The Wiener Algemeine Zeitung asserts that a definite offensive and defensive alliance has been concluded between France and Russia.

Cable Notes. The Shah is about to depart from England. He bade farewell to the Queen at Osborne yesterday. The police dispersed a meeting of miners' delegates at Dortmund, last night, and arrested Herr Dickmann, a member of the

Socialist congress at Paris. The Czar desires that Emperor William receive him at Potsdam. He will not visit Berlin for reasons of personal safety, and he will be able to keep the public at a greater distance at Potsdam than at the

A number of changes in the Italian consular service have been announced. Signor Bruni has been transferred from Salonica to Denver, Col.; Signor Baybondi, from Larnaca to Philadelphia; Signor Derelf, from Boston to Pattas, and Signor Lesta, from Bona to Boston.

Government Work Retarded by Speculators. Boise City, I. T., July 29 .- The government has commenced surveys in Idaho for storage reservoirs, with a complete system of irrigation, covering millions of acres of arid land. No sooner had the engineers started out than they were followed by surveyors in the employ of speculators, who file on lands and water rights along streams and gulches. Such monopoly by specu-lators promises defeat to the plans of the government. One corporation ontside of Idaho is attempting to own and control Bear lake for storage, and Bear river for a distance of 140 miles in Idaho, that they may sell water to lands and towns in Utah. Governor Shoup has telegraphed the Secretary of the Interior, setting forth the facts, and that steps be taken to prevent this injury to Idaho.

The Alleged Misuse of Creek Funds. MUSKOGEE, Ind. T., July 29.-When the Creek nation desired to negotiate for the sale of the Okiahoma country Messrs. Bles

Governor Crawford. To receive Indian money without the sanction of the department is an indictable offense. The matter was brought to the notice of the authorities at Washington and General Gardner was appointed a special agent to investigate the matter. General Gardner prived here a few days ago and organized a court of investigation. A. P. McKellop, clerk of the House of Warriors, was one of the witnesses. He testified that the House refused to accept the report of the delegates of the House of Kings. The investigation will be continued for several days. The accused desire a thorough investigation, and Gen. Gardner will gratify their desire to the fullest extent. fullest extent.

SILVER DOLLARS IN A SEWER.

Counterfeit Coins Help to Bring About a Flood-ing of Cellars in Wheeling, W. Va.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 29 .- For some time a large sewer, draining a prominent section of Market street, has been apparently blocked up, and this morning, after a heavy rain, the water backed out of it and flooded the cellars for two squares around, all the drainage of the higher ground pouring into them. The sewer was dug open this afternoon

and the novel source of the trouble found. After removing a large accumulation of sand and debris, a pile of silver dollars was found, but examination showed them to be counterfeit. Some of them had not been finished, but were evidently just from the molds. The imitation was excellent, even to the silver ring, and a quantity of broken glass with it indicated that it was used in the composition to give the proper

A gambling dive used to be on the square above the place, and it is conjectured by the police that, on the occasion of some raid, the men engaged in making "queer" coin were surprised, and, to avoid detection, dumped everything down the sewer. The government has long been aware that Wheeling was the headquarters of a big gaug of expert counterfeiters, and it was thought that old Driggs, recently caught at Dayton, was at the head of it, as he has lived here, and frequently revisited this

Indian Family Murdered.

HELENA, M. T., July 29.—News has reached Helena of a ghastly discovery made last week on Sun river. From the meagre particulars at hand it seems that a few months ago, a family of Flathead Indians left their reservation, crossed the mountains, and went into the Sun river country to hunt. They were seen by one of their relatives, a half-breed living on Sun river, when they first arrived. Last week this half-breed found one of their ponies in the possession of a white man, who claimed that he had purchased it at Sun river. The half-breed was satisfied something was wrong, and at once began a search for his relatives. After hunting two or three days he found their camp, which had been burned, and the charred remains of his relatives, a family of three or four. There is no doubt that they were robbed of their horses and murdered. The halfbreed at once notified the authorities, who are looking for the perpetrators of the act.

Demands of the Wool-Growers. Columbus, O., July 29.—The National Wool-growers' Association met here to-day, with Columbus Delano as president. Their

resolutions approve of the rulings of Secretary Windom and Assistant Secretary Maynard, by which scoured wool is put at 60 cents a pound, and of Acting Secretary Batcheller, in putting woolen waste at a dutiable rate of 30 cents. They also resolved to ask the Secretary of the Treasury to instruct the custom-houses that all wool imports which are more valuable for manufacture than unwashed wool be held at 60 cents duty; also, that the President call an extra session of Congress to remedy the inadequate duties on wool and woolen waste. Mr. Delano, Judge Wm. Lawrence, Hon. T. C. Jones. and Hon. Geo. L. Converse were appointed a committee to go to Washington and lay before the President the proceedings of this conven-

Poisoned Her Son's Coffee.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., July 29.—Luther Genoole, aged eighteen, died two weeks ago from the effects of poison which had been placed in his coffee at breakfast. To-day the coroner's jury rendered a verdict hold-ing his step-father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Fannee, responsible for his death. They were arrested and Mr. Fannee, in an interview to-night with the sheriff, made a confession in which he stated that he bought the poison at his wife's request, who placed it in her son's coffee cup. It was her intention, he said, to poison the otherson, William, but fortunately hedrank no coffee on that morning. The motive for the crime was Mrs. Fannee's desire to get rid of her sons, who caused trouble between herself and her husband.

Why Kate Field Withdrew a Resignation. San Francisco, July 29.-Miss Kate Field, who recently resigned her connection with the California Viticultural Commission as a lecturer on the gospel of the grape, has written a letter to President Wetmore from Richfield Springs, N. Y., withdrawing her resignation, which she tendered some time since. She states that she has taken this action on account of the sympathy and support given her by the Viticultural Commission and the press of California, and also because the Prohibitionists already boast that they have forced her to abandon her opposition to their cause.

Given a Coat of Tar and Feathers. GAYLORD, Kan., July 29 .- Saturday night Mrs. John Emmons, against the advice of her husband, went to the depot to see an excursion train come in. Upon her return her husband knocked her down while she had her baby in her arms, and then threatened to shoot their two small children. The city marshal arrested Emmons and locked him up. Shortly afterwards the jail was broken into by a mob, and Emmons was given a coat of tar and feathers. Emmons is a clerk in a grocery store.

Fatal Riot Among Italian Laborers. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 29.—A serious riot occurred this morning among the Italian laborers engaged in laying the new pipe from the Belle Vernon field. Knives and pistols were drawn, and in the melee an Italian was killed and another mortally wounded, while quite a number were seriously hurt with picks, etc. Word was sent to Monongahela City and a posse sent to the place to preserve the peace. All the men engaged in the affray were Italians.

Mills Affected by Lewis Bros.' Failure. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 29.— The worsted-mills of Scheppers Bros., this city, Yeadon mills at Chester, and Todmorton mills at Bancroft's Bank, all of whom consigned their products to Lewis Bros. & Co., have closed down until the affairs of that firm are settled. The suspension is expected to be brief, as Lewis Bros. & Co. are reported to be solvent.

Apple Crop Ruined by Hailstones. SPRINGFIELD, Mo., July 29.—A terrific thunder-storm, accompanied by a shower of hailstones, occurred in this vicinity early this morning. The stones were of the usual size—as large as hens' eggs. The fruit crop was badly damaged, 1,500 bushels of apples being knocked to the ground on one farm. Corn suffered somewhat, but not seriously.

Has the Failing of Other Pugilists. PORTLAND, Ore., July 29.—Pat Killen, the heavy-weight, who is en soute to San Francisco to fight Joe McAuliffe, got on a bi drunk yesterday and is now in jail. He entered one saloon and knocked a man out for saying that Pat Sheedy was a gentleman. He then turned loose on a dozen more in the saloon and piled them all in a

Porter, B. M. Hodges and Isparechee were appointed delegates to represent the nation. They drew 10 per cent. of the purchase money and claimed they paid that as per agreement to ex-Governor Crawford for attorney's fees. The 10 per cent drawn amounts to \$228,000, being \$20 per capita. On the other hand it is claimed that Secretary Vilas canceled the contract with ex-

PENSION BUREAU INQUIRY

It Is to Be More Searching Than First Proposed, and to Include Black's Term.

The Big Batch of Cases Made "Special" That John H. Oberly Wanted Taken Up Out of Order in the Interest of Democracy.

Operations of the Internal Revenue Service for the Year Ending June 30.

Warning to Americans Who Intend Visiting the African Diamond Diggings-Prof. Mendenhall Takes Charge of His Office.

THE PENSION INVESTIGATION.

A Batch of Special Cases in Which the Democrats Were Very Much Interested. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The investigation into the methods prevailing in the Pension Office is progressing rapidly. It promises to be more searching than was expected at first, and the chances are that it will extend back to the period where the last investigation left off. Commissioner Tanner has supplied the committee with every facility for carrying on the inquiry. and among the data furnished is a batch of papers upon which cases were made "special." These papers extend over a period of several years, and among them is a pile occupying a space of about four cubic feet. It is reported that this pile accumulated during the last administration, and that nearly all of them were cases in which Civil-service Commissioner John H. Oberly set forth excellent reasons why some fifteen hundred cases should be taken up out of their regular order before the Democratic national committee met in St. Louis last summer. There is no question that Commissioner Black made hundreds of cases "special" during the last months of his administration, and it may be proved that in matters of this kind Uivil-service Commissioner Oberly was the most power-

REVENUE COLLECTIONS.

ful man in the country with the Pension

Report of Commissioner Mason Showing Operations of the Service for the Fiscal Year. WASHINGTON, July 29.-Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mason has made the following preliminary report of the operations of the internal revenue service for the fiscal year ended June 30, last: The total collections for the fiscal year just ended were \$130,885,452, an increase over 1888 of \$6,568,-957. The cost of collection for the fiscal year just ended will aggregate about \$4,185,-000, being a fraction less than 3.2 per cent., which is exactly the same as that of 1888. The total receipts from different objects of taxation were: From spirits, \$74,313,206, an increase of \$5,007,039 over the previous fis-cal year; from tobacco, \$31,866,860, an in-crease of \$1,204,429; from fermented liquors, \$23,728,835, an increase of \$399,617; from oleomargarine, \$894,248, an increase of \$2,011, and from miscellaneous, \$91,069, a decrease

of \$74,248. The tax was paid on 3,844,726,650 cigars. 1,862,726,100 eigarrettes and 32,667,785 pounds of oleomargarine. Among the contribuof oleomargarine. Among the contributions by States were: Alabama, \$92,762; Arkansas, \$120,719; California, \$2,097,013; Colorado, \$294,116; Florida, \$424,082; Georgia. \$436,119; Illinois, \$31,007,419; Iudiana, \$5,788,236; Iowa, \$892,576; Kansas, \$188,-432; Kentucky, \$16,910,814; Louisiana, \$632,-009, Michigan, \$1,962,397; Minnesota, \$1,377,-796; Missouri, \$7,780,608; Montana, \$162,642; Nebraska, \$2,248,624; New Mexico, \$59,062; New York, \$15,648,675, Ohio, \$11,566,726; Oregon, \$226,524; Pennsylvania, \$8,520,796; Tengon, \$226,524; Pennsylvania, \$8,520,796; Pennsy gon, \$226,524; Pennsylvania, \$8,520,796; Tennessee, \$1,066,335; Texas, \$228,117; West Virginia, \$782,663; Wisconsin, \$3,096,455.

The report also contains a statement of the collection by districts, which shows the collections to be the heaviest in the districts named as follows: Fifth Illinois, \$19,322,265; First Illinois, \$9,184,586; Fifth Kentucky, \$8,666,882; First Ohio, \$8,602,251; First Missouri, 86,449,977.
Collector W. H. D. Hunter, of the Sixth Indiana district, collected during the year \$2,613,479, and Collector M. D. Manson, of the Seventh district, \$3,174,766.

IN THE DIAMOND FIELDS.

Two Americans in Prison for Purchasing

Stolen Brilliants in South Africa. WASHINGTON, July 29 .- Geo. F. Hollis, United States consul at Capetown, Africa, has written to the State Department, suggesting that citizens of the United States. contemplating a visit to the diamond diggings in that vicinity, be warned of the danger of buying diamonds from other than licensed dealers. The illicit traffic in diamonds (the sellers being diggers and others who have succeeded in smuggling stones, in the rough, from the mines) grew to such dimensions that, in order to break it up, a law was passed punishing the buyer of a stolen stone with seven years imprisonment in "Breakwater convict-station," in company with the vilest and lowest of criminals of all races. The consul says that many innocent persons suffer, being induced to buy, in ignorance of the law, by Kaffir negroes, employed by the authorities to inveigle strangers into making pur-chases, the negroes being known as "traps," the purchases being at once reported, and the unfortunate buyers arrested and prose-cuted. Two citizens of the United States. Consul Hollis writes, are now imprisoned under conviction of this charge-Isaac Levy and Fred Nelson. The latter is a native of Boston, son of a retired merchant, and a friend of the consul's. He has been ashamed to write home, although he has been in prison four years. Consul Hollis says he has notified Nelson's father of his Condition, and upon the arrival of the new Governor of the province, will try to secure a pardon for both prisoners.

"SIGNER" HARRISON.

The President Presented with a Portrait of His Distinguished Great-Grandfather.

Washington Special. Among the many interesting tokens of

admiration and friendship sent to President Harrison, is a very effective French water-color portrait by Armand Dumakesby, of Benjamin Harrison, the signer, great-grandfather of the President. It represents the subject in profile a distinguished-looking individual, with a receding forehead, a heavy brow, well-shaped nose, strong mouth, and slightly receding thin. He is attired in the full dress of the time, with knee breeches, low shoes and large buckles, full cut vest, with ruffles,

large buckles, full cut vest, with ruffles, coat of the continental pattern and powdered wig tied in a queue. This portrait is in a handsome gilt frame, which bears the inscribed legend:

"The Hon. Benjamin Harrison (1740-91), of Virginia, the eminent patriot and signer of the Declaration of Independence. He was a member of the Dining Club in the Continental Congress at Philadelphia in 1776, which was composed of George Read (1733-98), of Delaware, whose correspondence has embalmed the memory of the club: has embalmed the memory of the club; George Washington, Peyton Randolph, President of Congress; Benjamin Harrison and Richard Henry Lee, of Virginia; Samuel Chase, of Maryland; Cæsar Rodney. of Delaware, and John Alsop, of New York. Mr. Harrison was the father of Gen. William Henry Harrison, President of the United States, and great-grandfather of Gen. Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States. Presented to the latter by Gen. Meredith Read, great-grandson of George Read, of Delaware, one of the two